## Amendments to the Claims:

This listing will replace all prior versions, and listings, of the claims in the application.

## Listing of the Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A method for coupling an organomagnesium compound of the formula: R<sup>1</sup>MgX<sup>1</sup> with an aromatic ether compound of the formula: Ar<sup>1</sup>-OR<sup>2</sup> to produce a coupled aromatic compound of the formula: Ar<sup>1</sup>-R<sup>1</sup>, said method comprising admixing the organomagnesium compound with the aromatic ether compound in the presence of a nickel catalyst comprising a phosphino-ligand of the formula PR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>R<sup>5</sup> under conditions sufficient to produce the coupled aromatic compound, wherein

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from the group consisting of aryl and heteroaryl;

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, heteroalkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, aralkyl and a moiety of the formula -SiR<sup>9</sup>R<sup>10</sup>R<sup>11</sup>, wherein each of R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> is independently a hydrocarbon moiety:

Ar<sup>1</sup> is aryl or heteroaryl;

X<sup>1</sup> is a magnesium metal ligand;

each of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> is independently a saturated hydrocarbon moiety having from one to about twelve carbon atoms; and

- R<sup>5</sup> is selected from the group consisting of a saturated hydrocarbon moiety having from one to about twelve carbon atoms and an aryl moiety having from six to fourteen carbon ring atoms.
- 2. (Öriginal) The method of claim 1, wherein the saturated hydrocarbon moiety is selected from the group consisting of  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$  alkyl and  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein each of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of isopropyl, methyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, neopentyl and cyclohexyl.

- 4. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein R<sup>5</sup> is selected from the group consisting of isopropyl, methyl, tert-butyl, iso-butyl, neopentyl, cyclohexyl and phenyl.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 4, wherein each of the phosphino-ligand is independently selected from the group consisting of triisopropylphosphine, dicyclohexylphenylphosphine, di-tert-butylmethylphosphine, triisobutylphosphine, trineopenylphosphine and tricyclohexylphosphine.
  - 6. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein Ar<sup>1</sup> is aryl.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein Ar<sup>1</sup> is optionally substituted phenyl.
  - 8. (Original) The method of claim 7, wherein R<sup>2</sup> is methyl or ethyl.
  - 9. (Original) The method of claim 8, wherein R<sup>1</sup> is aryl.
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein R<sup>1</sup> is optionally substituted phenyl.
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the admixture further comprises at least about 2 equivalents of phosphine compound relative to the amount of the nickel catalyst, wherein the phosphine compound is of the formula: PR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>R<sup>5</sup>, wherein R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> are as defined in claim 1.
- 12. (Original) The method of claim 1 further comprising admixing the organomagnesium compound with the aromatic ether compound in a non-aromatic reaction solvent.

Express Mail No. EV 506438575 US
Office Action Response
Application Serial No. 10/615,810
Page 4 of 8

13. (Original) A process for producing a substituted aromatic compound of the formula:

Ar<sup>1</sup>-R<sup>1</sup>

said process comprising admixing an organomagnesium compound of the formula: R<sup>1</sup>Mg X<sup>1</sup> and an aromatic ether compound of the formula: Ar<sup>1</sup>-OR<sup>2</sup> in a non-aromatic solvent in the presence of a nickel catalyst comprising a phosphino-ligand to produce the substituted aromatic compound, wherein

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from the group consisting of aryl and heteroaryl;

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, heteroalkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, aralkyl and a moiety of the formula -Si R<sup>9</sup>R<sup>10</sup>R<sup>11</sup>, wherein each of R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> is independently a hydrocarbon moiety;

Ar<sup>1</sup> is aryl or heteroaryl; and

X<sup>1</sup> is a magnesium metal ligand.

- 14. (Original) The process of claim 13, wherein the phosphino-ligand comprises a plurality of saturated hydrocarbons.
- 15. (Original) The process of claim 14, wherein the phosphino-ligand is of the formula:

 $PR^3R^4R^5$ ,

wherein

each of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> is independently a saturated hydrocarbon moiety having from one to about twelve carbon atoms; and

- R<sup>5</sup> is selected from the group consisting of a saturated hydrocarbon moiety having from one to about twelve carbon atoms and an aryl moiety having from six to fourteen carbon ring atoms.
- 16. (Original) The process of claim 14, wherein each saturated hydrocarbon is independently selected from the group consisting of  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$  alkyl and  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl.

Express Mail No. EV 506438575 US
Office Action Response
Application Serial No. 10/615,810
Page 5 of 8

- 17. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein the non-aromatic solvent is selected from the group consisting of THF, DME, 1,4-dioxane, THP, MTBE, diethyl ether, dicyclohexyl methyl amine, t-AmOMe, diisopropyl ether, DEM, di-n-butyl ether, and a combination of two or more solvents thereof.
- 18. (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein the non-aromatic solvent is selected from the group consisting of t-AmOMe, disopropyl ether, DEM, di-n-butyl ether, and a combination of two or more solvents thereof.

Claims 19-27 (Canceled).